Liver Solution U. S. P. Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as liver injection, a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, but its quality and purity fell below the official standard. The Pharmacopoeia provides that liver injection shall conform to the requirements of the test for sterility of liquids set forth therein, whereas the article did not conform to such requirements but was contaminated with living micro-organisms.

DISPOSITION: May 8, 1946. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the corporation was fined \$750; Joseph H. Moss was fined \$450; and George E. Hickey was fined \$750 and was sentenced to 30 days in jail.

1911. Adulteration of anterior pituitary and ovarian extract. U. S. v. 5 Vials of Anterior Pituitary and 7 Vials of Ovarian Extract. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15364. Sample Nos. 16512-H, 16514-H.)

LIBEL FILED: March 19, 1945, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 30 and December 12, 1944, by the Torigian Laboratories, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 5 30-cc. vials of anterior pituitary and 7 30-cc. vials of ovarian extract at Chicago, Ill.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the articles fell below that which they purported to possess, in that they were offered for intramuscular injection and were not sterile but were contaminated with living, spore-forming bacteria which rendered them unsuitable and unsafe for intramuscular injection.

DISPOSITION: June 14, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

1912. Adulteration of Pyoamide and Coll-Thiol. U. S. v. 47 Ampuls of Pyoamide and 19 Vials of Coll-Thiol. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 20059. Sample Nos. 45044-H, 45046-H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 10, 1946, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 18, 1945, and January 28, 1946, by the Intra Products Co., from Denver, Colo.

Product: 47 ampuls of Pyoamide and 19 vials of Coll-Thiol at Los Angeles, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the articles fell below that which they purported to possess since they purported to be for intravenous use and contained undissolved material, whereas an article which purports to be for intravenous use should be free from undissolved material.

Disposition: July 12, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

1913. Adulteration of Novisyn and epinephrine hydrochloride solution. U. S. v. 28 Boxes of Novisyn and 84 Vials of Epinephrine Hydrochloride Solution. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 19834. Sample Nos. 45735–H, 45736–H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 6, 1946, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 1, 1945, and January 19, 1946, by the S. E. Massengill Co., from Bristol, Va.

PRODUCT: 28 boxes, each containing 50 ampuls, of Novisyn and 84 vials of epine-phrine hydrochloride solution at San Francisco, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Novisyn * * * For Intramuscular or Intravenous Administration," and "Solution Epinephrine Hydrochloride * * * For Subcutaneous, Intramuscular or Intracardial administration."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Novisyn. Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the quality of the article fell below that which it purported and was represented to possess since it contained undissolved material, whereas an article which is represented for intramuscular or intravenous administration should be free from undissolved material

Epinephrine Hydrochloride Solution. Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as epinephrine hydrochloride injection, a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, but its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material.